| Year: 3/4   | Subject: RE   | Topic Question: What might a Hindu learn th   | rough   | Term – Autumn One  | Curriculum - B   |
|---|---|---|---|--|--|
| PoS: Hindu Dha  | rma   | celebrating Diwali?   |   |  | /*\*   |
| considered family m family.  I learnt about the fest  | tival of Raksha Bandhan and how festival tra  | hat thus might teach Hindus about roles and duties in the ditions are a reminder of family ties and responsibilities.   | <ul><li>Key Vocabulary</li><li>Dharma</li><li>Moral</li><li>Protector</li></ul>   |  | Outcome Create a collage.  |
| make links between explain Hindu belief explain the Hindu be describe and explair suggest why there n and individuals in the explain how Holi cel explain how festival traditions consider the different explain how a 'truth   | the story of Prince Prahlad and Hindu belies about Krishna and what stories about Krishelief that God is present in all people (through a variety of ways that Hindus might celebrate) by the differences in the way that Hindu fee UK might celebrate ebrations might express Hindu beliefs about and celebrations might be helpful ways for the ways that myth and stories are and used if might be contained within a story ecide what is 'true' – and how there might | ina might teach Hindus (the atman) and the impact this might have on a believer (the festival of Holi (stivals are celebrated in India and how Hindu communities)   | Stimulus Photos and resour UK celebrate Diwa  | ces to show how Hindus in the  | Life Appreciations, Understandings and Events Vishnu, Rama and Sita Diwali |
| discuss and debate to the discuss and debate to the discussion of | hings that they consider to be true that oth  | ers might disagree with  Key Knowledge  |   | Possible evidence  |  |
| eliefs and values: explore teachings at Sita describe what mora Rama and Sita make links between an avatar of Vishnu, dharma iving religious tradition use subject specific celebrate Diwali explain the important this is a symbol of go hared human experience discuss (with relevant good overcomes evi  | cout good and evil in the story of Rama and guidance Hindus might gain from the story the actions of Rama and the belief that he appearing on earth to destroy evil and uphons:  anguage to describe how and why Hindus not overcoming evil ence:  at examples) the importance of the belief the difficulties in life   | This unit gives pupils the opportunity to revisit the story of (they will have been introduced to this story in Y3) and to theme of good overcoming evil – just as light overcomes should deepen their understanding of Hindu beliefs about about Rama as an avatar of Vishnu. They should be able to connect this with the Diward a deity and therefore represents goodness. As an avatar of role to uphold dharma and fight evil. This is exemplified in Rama and Sita which is celebrated at Diwali. Pupils should is a popular Hindu festival and be able to explain the deep festival celebrations such as the lighting of diva lamps, fir homes with rangoli patterns.  They should reflect on the symbolism of light within all he consider how light might be a universal symbol of goodness. | explore the darkness. Pupils t God by learning all theme – Rama is of Vishnu, it is his in the story of d know that Diwali per meaning of eworks, decorating uman cultures, and | Lancashire Syllabus 2021  List examples of where we might see 'goodness' in the world. Collect images that could be used as a symbol of goodness. Find examples of people who have overcome difficulties and could be described as source light, hope and goodness for others.  Create a class display about Diwali – focusing on the theme of light overcoming darkness, just as good overcomes evil. Make links between religious traditions and celebrations of Diwali and the story of Rama an |  |

| Year: 3/4 Subject: RE To   | opic Question: <i>How and why might Christia</i>   | nity use the  | Term - Autumn Two  | Curriculum - B  |
|--|--|---|--|---|
| PoS: Christianity - God Bil  | ible?  |   |  | **  |
| <ul> <li>Prior Knowledge</li> <li>investigate stories of prophets from the Bible – an d consider how an</li> <li>identify Christian beliefs and values about God that are demonstrated active in the world</li> <li>think about what is meant by a 'vocation'. They should explore the li</li> <li>consider why the idea of serving others is important to many Christia sacrifice in Christian life.</li> </ul>   | ed in these stories – e.g. belief in a sustainer God who is lives of Christians who have served God.   | <ul><li>Key Vocabulary</li><li>New Testament</li><li>Old Testament</li><li>Gospel</li></ul> |  | Outcome Record their best guidance for life they have ever been given.  |
| <ul> <li>Future Learning</li> <li>describe Christian beliefs about sin and forgiveness</li> <li>describe and explain the teaching from Genesis 3 – of how Adam and</li> <li>suggest different ways that this story might be understood by Christia</li> <li>describe and explain how and why Christians might use the Lord's Pra</li> <li>analyse and interpret the Lord's Prayer – and what guidance it provid</li> <li>suggest things that might lead Christians into temptation in the mode these temptations</li> <li>consider the different ways that myth and stories are and used</li> <li>explain how a 'truth' might be contained within a story</li> <li>consider how they decide what is 'true' – and how there might be different, spiritual truth)</li> <li>discuss and debate things that they consider to be true that others me</li> </ul>   | ians rayer des for Christians lern world – and how and why they might try to resist ifferent types of truth (eg. empirical truth, historical   | Stimulus Selection of bibles.   |  | Life Appreciations, Understandings and Events The Bible, Christian life – guided by wisdom, teachings and authority |
| Subject Specific – God   | Key Knowledge  |   | Possible evidence  |   |
| <ul> <li>Beliefs and values:</li> <li>explore different Christian beliefs about the Bible as the word of God</li> <li>explain why the Bible can be described as a library and give examples of the different types of writings found in the Bible</li> <li>describe why some Christians might view the Bible as an important source of authority and moral guidance</li> <li>Living religious traditions:</li> <li>explain why Christians might have different views about how to interpret and apply the Bible</li> <li>explain why Christians might also look to other sources of authority when making decisions about how to live (eg. church leaders, prayer, conscience)</li> <li>Shared human experience:</li> <li>discuss why people might have different views about what is right and wrong – and where these views might come from</li> <li>describe the different sources of authority that humans might look to when making decisions about how to live their lives</li> <li>Search for personal meaning:</li> <li>reflect on their own understanding of morality and where it comes</li> </ul> | This unit investigates how and why Christians use the Bible as the word of the Bible can be described as a library and give mples of the different types of writings found in the Bible rice of authority and moral guidance religious traditions:  ain why Christians might have different views about how to repret and apply the Bible ain why Christians might also look to other sources of iority when making decisions about how to live (eg. church ers, prayer, conscience)  It human experience:  Loss why people might have different views about what is right wrong — and where these views might come from ribe the different sources of authority that humans might look hen making decisions about how to live their lives of the different sources of authority that humans might look hen making decisions about how to live their lives of the different views about what is right wrong and where these views might come from the most of presonal meaning:  Lot on their own understanding of morality and where it comes in the Bible is seen as a source of inspirations and authority by many Christians. Pupils should know that the Bible lot one book but a collection of books, written by different people at different sources of the Old Testament (which is the Jewish so New Testament (about Jesus and the early Church). Pupils should explore the idea that the Bible Christians because it is 'the Word of God', but that Christians have different views about what is right wrong — and where these views might come from the provided provided and thority by many Christians. Pupils should also learn as source of inspirations and authority by many Christians. Pupils should know that the Bible looks, written by different views about what the Bible looks, written by different views about what the Bible looks, written by different views about what the Bible looks, written by different views about what the Bible looks and the early Church). Pupils should explore the idea that the Bible looks, written by different views about what the Bible looks. New Testame |   | Lancashire Syllabus 2021  Look at the contents page of the Bible and remind pupils that it was compiled over a long period of time and is really a collection of book written by different authors at different times. Identify some of the writing, eg story, history, law, poetry, letters, proverbs. Give pupils t sheets, one with extracts from the Bible, the other with a box for each literary genre. Ask the pupils to match the Bible extract with the corresponding to the stract with the stract with the corresponding to the stract with the corresponding to the stract with the stract with the corresponding to the stract with the stract with the corresponding to the stract with the stract with the corresponding to the stract with the str |   |

to live well

| Year: 3/4  | Subject: RE | Topic Question: How do Sikhs express their b  | eliefs and   | Term - Spring One   | Curriculum - B   |
|--|-------------|---|--|---|--|
| PoS: Sikhism   | · ·         | values?   |  |   | **   |
| Prior Knowledge  Develop an understanding of the importance of founders and leaders for religional identify Sikh beliefs and values contained within the stories of the lives of the Describe how and why the Guru Granth Sahib is treated with great respect  Suggest how and why Sikhs might show commitment to their faith  Identify people and ideas that inspire commitment  Discuss the different ways that people might show that they are committed  Reflect on their own commitments and the impact that these have on their live  Ask questions about the value of having commitments  Future Learning — KS3 |             | lives of the Gurus t respect ommitted   | <ul> <li>Key Vocabulary</li> <li>Gurdwara</li> <li>Values</li> <li>Commitment</li> </ul> First hand experies | nces (enrichment)   | Outcome Create a class list of actions that could be done to fill the buckets of others.  Life Appreciations, Understandings and |
|  |             |   | Invite visitors into swork.  | school who wear a uniform to  | Events The 5 Ks, Equality The Gurdwara   |
| <ul> <li>Subject Specific – Skihism</li> <li>Beliefs and values:         <ul> <li>explore teachings and stories from Sikhism</li> <li>describe what moral guidance Sikhs might gain from the stories and examples of the Gurus</li> <li>make links between the beliefs, values and practices of Sikhism</li> </ul> </li> <li>Living religious traditions:         <ul> <li>use subject specific language to describe how and why Sikhs show their religious commitments and values</li> <li>explain how clothing and behaviour might be symbolic of beliefs,</li> </ul> </li> </ul>                                    |             | Key Knowledge   |  | Possible evidence   |  |
|  |             | This unit gives pupils the opportunity to explore how Sikhs convey their beliefs and commitments in the way they live their lives and through symbols which are observable expressions of faith. In their preaching and example, the Gurus revealed a way of life which was God centred. It is a life of religious, moral and social commitment. In outward and visible signs, Sikhs show themselves to be committed to following the teachings of the Gurus.  Sikhs are expected to demonstrate their commitment to their beliefs in the way they live their daily lives. Sikh belief perceives the world as the abode |  | purpose. How might it also influence behaviour (consider the impact of being seen as a representative of a community rather than just as an individual) |  |

## **Shared human experience:**

values and commitments

- discuss (with relevant examples) the importance of how we view and behave towards others
- talk about how our outward behaviour reflects our inner beliefs, values and commitments

## **Search for personal meaning:**

- reflect on their own concept of living a good life and how this influences the way that they treat others
- discuss own thoughts and feelings about equality and justice

Sikhs are expected to demonstrate their commitment to their beliefs in the way they live their daily lives. Sikh belief perceives the world as the abode of God and as the place in which to practice Sikh dharam (religious, moral and social commitment). Sikhism teaches that all human beings should engage themselves in righteous actions and behaviour and work for a just social order.

Foremost amongst Sikh principles are:

- the complete equality of men and women everywhere;
- sewa: service to God, to the community of Sikhs and to the community at large;
- kirat karna: earning one's living by one's own efforts and by a livelihood which is honest;
- vand chakna: sharing one's time, talents and earnings with the less fortunate.

How these influence the Sikh way of life will be explored within this unit. Pupils should also have opportunities to reflect on important questions such as how humans show commitments to their values and communities, and issues of equality and justice.

Learn about the Langar and why sharing food is an important part of Sikh hospitality and service (sewa). Explain that this concept extends out into the wider community and that many Gurdwaras are involved in projects to feed the homeless, support food banks and provide aid to those in need.

Talk about the importance of seeing value in all people and how believing that all people are equal would have an impact on a person's behaviour. Are the Sikh values of equality and justice good values to live your life by – should we be committed to these as human values?

| Year: 3/4 Subject: RE  | Т   | opic Question: <i>Is a sacrifice an important p</i>   | art of religious   | Term - Spring Two  | Curriculum - B   |
|--|---|---|--|--|--|
| PoS: Christianity – Jesus  | li,   | fe?   |  |  | **   |
| Jesus today? • investigate the work of one Christian organisation  | se men decided to be<br>llower of Jesus. How  |   | <ul> <li>Key Vocabulary</li> <li>Sacrifice</li> <li>Temptation</li> <li>Self-discipline</li> </ul> |  | Outcome Organise a collection for a local food ban or charity.                         |
| <ul> <li>describe Christian beliefs about miracles as 'signetell a selection of miracle stories – and explain</li> <li>describe why some Christians might go on pilg explain the impact that belief in miracles and the explain the difference between fact, opinion a consider differing interpretations of the word man act of God</li> <li>discuss their own beliefs – is there anything the reflect on how they make decisions about what</li> </ul>   | what these might reviremage to places asso<br>e power of prayer mig<br>nd belief<br>iracle – i.e. an amazin<br>at they accept as trut | yeal to Christians about the nature of Jesus ciated with miraculous events that have on a Christian g event, a very lucky experience, a strange coincidence,  | Semantic maps and  | scenarios.   | Life Appreciations, Understandings and Events Jesus in the wilderness. Lent, Sacrifice |
| Subject Specific – Jesus Beliefs and Values:   | is/is flot ti de  | Key Knowledge   |  | Possible evidence  |  |
| <ul> <li>retell the story of Jesus in the wilderness</li> <li>identify Christian beliefs about Jesus reflected</li> <li>suggest why sacrifice might be an important C to beliefs and teachings about Jesus)</li> <li>Living religious traditions:</li> <li>describe what a Christian might do during Lenders examples of how Christians might do this</li> <li>Discuss Christians who have been examples of Martin Luther King, Oscar Romero) and how the by their faith</li> <li>Shared human experience:</li> <li>consider differing attitudes and responses to the</li> </ul> | hristian value (linked<br>and why<br>be – and give<br>sacrificial love (eg.<br>ney were motivated                                     | This unit investigates the person of Jesus through the concept of sacrifice. This links to prior learning about the principle of Zakat in Islam and also what it means to be a follower of Jesus by exploring how Christians might try to follow the example of Jesus through charity and personal sacrifice. It enables pupils to consider how Jesus' sacrifices have provided a model for other Christians to mirror by showing agapé (selfless love for others). They will have opportunities to reflect on their own values and on what influences their choices. |  | Bring in some chocolate or sweets and place in the classroom. Explain the they are your favourite and you are tempted to eat them. Have another adult come into the room and say that they are very hungry and need to something. Ask the pupils- should I give them my sweets? Create semantic maps for the words temptation and sacrifice. Give pupils scenarios where a sacrifice is needed to resolve a problem. Make some personal e.g. for a family member, whilst others are to help someone they do not know or have not even met. Who would they be willing to make a sacrifice for? What would they have to give up? |  |
| <ul> <li>consider differing attitudes and responses to a sacrifice (both positive and negative)</li> <li>discuss why many people are willing to make a people they love</li> <li>discuss why some people may be willing to make someone they don't even know</li> <li>Gearch for personal meaning:</li> <li>give examples of acts of sacrifice that have been sacrifice that have been sacrificed.</li> </ul>  | acrifices for the ke a sacrifice for  |   |  |  |  |

them

commitment

• discuss who or what they would be prepared to make sacrifices for

• consider the value of sacrifice – as an expression of love and

| Year: 3/4                              | Subject: RE T   | opic Question: Why do Muslims fast during                               | Ramadan?   | Term - Summer One                 | Curriculum - B  |  |
|--|---|---|--|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| PoS: Islam                             |   |   |  |                                   | **  |  |
| Prior Knowledge                        |   |   | Key Vocabulary   |                                   | <u>Outcome</u>  |  |
| • develop an under                     | rstanding of the importance of the Prophet Muhar  | mmad for the Islamic community. They should know why                    | <ul><li>Ramadhan</li></ul>   |                                   | Debate the importance of commitment.  |  |
| he is seen as a goo                    |   |   | <ul> <li>Fasting commit</li> </ul>   |                                   |   |  |
|  |   | the Prophet Muhammad and understand the impact                          | • Five pillars – Sha   | ahada, Salah, Saum, Zakah, Haji   |   |  |
| these might have                       |   |   |  |                                   |   |  |
|  | _   | of zakat. They should know that being charitable is                     |  |                                   |   |  |
| important to Mus                       |   | harder Stable Sother and disale   |  |                                   |   |  |
|  | suggest different ways that a Muslim might try to   | be charitable in the world today.                                       | Chimanilus   |                                   | Life Appreciations Understandings and   |  |
| uture Learning                         | diefe about the Our'er as the word of Cod   |   | Stimulus<br>Visual representat   | ions of the Fie Pillars.          | Life Appreciations, Understandings and  |  |
|  | eliefs about the Qur'an as the word of God<br>why the Qur'an is a source of guidance for life for a | a Muslim  | visuai representai   | nons of the He Fillars.           | Events The Five Pillars of Islam  |  |
| •                                      | t of believing that the Qur'an is divine revelation   | a iviusiiiii  |  |                                   | Ramadan   |  |
|  | ain what Muslims believe when they describe Mul   | hammad (nhuh) as the seal of the prophets                               |  |                                   | Namadii   |  |
| =                                      | why Muslims might commemorate the Night of Po   |   |  |                                   |   |  |
| •                                      |   | pect for the Qur'an – and how this symbolises their                     |  |                                   |   |  |
| respect for God                        |   |   |  |                                   |   |  |
| =                                      | eachings of the Qur'an might influence the actions  |   |  |                                   |   |  |
| <u>=</u>                               |   | <ul> <li>consider a range of sources of wisdom and authority</li> </ul> |  |                                   |   |  |
|  | l why people might want guidance about how to li  |   |  |                                   |   |  |
|  | nat has guided them in their own beliefs, values an   | nd commitments  |  |                                   |   |  |
|  | ltimate authority' might mean for them  | W W 1 1   |  |                                   |   |  |
| Subject Specific – Isl                 | <u>iam</u>  | Key Knowledge   |  | Possible evidence                 |   |  |
| Beliefs and Values:                    | achings about Ramadan from the Qur'an   | This unit enables pupils to examine the structures that ur              | nderpin Islamic  | Lancashire Syllabus 2021          |   |  |
| •                                      | en Islamic values and the beliefs explored so far   | beliefs and practices in greater depth. Through a study of              |  |                                   |   |  |
| in their study of Is                   |   | opportunities are provided for pupils to understand the k               | showing commitment to a cause person etc.  ed to ideas, to self-tunities to think these have a showing commitment to a cause person etc.  Ask pupils to discuss something to the person etc.  Ask pupils to discuss something to the person etc. |                                   | word commitment. Discuss the value of se, to a community, to developing a skill, to a get that they would you like to be better at. prove this aspect of their life? How much time cused on this in order to make a difference? |  |
| iving religious trad                   |   | of submission to Allah and service to God through charita               |  |                                   |   |  |
|  | ic language to describe how and why Muslims   | actions. They will consider the role of commitment as par               |  |                                   |   |  |
| fast at Ramadan                        | ,   | and reflect on the wider human value of being committee                 |  |                                   |   |  |
| explain the import                     | tance of Ramadan in the context of the Five   | improvement or to other people. Pupils will have opportu                |  |                                   |   |  |
| Pillars of Islam                       |   | about their own commitments and the extent to which the                 |  |                                   |   |  |
| <ul> <li>consider the impa</li> </ul>  | ct that fasting might have on individuals, families   | positive impact on their lives.   |  |                                   |   |  |
| and communities                        |   |   |  | Triat quanties inight a person of | terelop from being committed:   |  |
| hared human expe                       | rience:   |   |  | Role play/script a conversation   | between a Muslim and a non-Muslim,  |  |
|  | scuss (with relevant examples) the importance of showing  |   |  | 1                                 | an is, why Muslims fast and the impact this   |  |
|  | belief, value or community  |   |  | _                                 | may need to be encouraged to think about  |  |
|  | of sacrifice within religion and communities  |   |  |                                   | as well as the difficulties associated with   |  |
| Search for personal                    | _   |   |  | fasting during Ramadhan in the    | UK). This could be used as an assessment  |  |
|  | vn beliefs, values and commitments  |   |  | activity.                         |   |  |
| <ul> <li>consider and discu</li> </ul> | uss how they demonstrate their personal   |   |  |                                   |   |  |

commitments

| Year: 3/4 Subject: RE   | Topic Question: What does love your neighb                   | our really   | Term - Summer Two                          | Curriculum - B   |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| PoS: Christianity – Church  | mean?  |  |  | * *  |  |
| Prior Knowledge   |  | Key Vocabulary                                       |  | Outcome  |  |
| • explore Christian beliefs about the Holy Spirit and the impact that   | t believing in the Holy Spirit might have on the life of a   | Moral  |  | Identify one or two key messages that  |  |
| believer.   |  |  |  | they would like to be passed on.   |  |
| • learn about the fruit of the Spirit – the characteristics of a Christian individual or community inspired by the Holy Spirit  |  |  |  |  |  |
| • learn about the story of Pentecost and how Christians today might celebrate Pentecost   |  |  |  |  |  |
| • investigate different forms of worship in Christianity and why the  | Holy Spirit is important for some forms of worship.          |  |  |  |  |
| Future Learning   |  | <u>Stimulus</u>                                      |  | Life Appreciations, Understandings and   |  |
| • describe what Christians mean when they talk about one God in   | Trinity  | Aesop's Fables and/or support from Christian         |  | <u>Events</u>  |  |
| <ul> <li>identify the beliefs contained within the Apostle's Creed</li> </ul>   |  | charities – Christian Aid, CAFOD OR the St Vincent   |  | Parables, love for all   |  |
| <ul> <li>explain why the Christian community (The Church) might want/r</li> </ul>   | eed an agreed statement of belief                            | de Paul Society.                                     |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>describe and explain the meaning of a range of symbols that mig</li> </ul>   | •  |  |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>explain how symbols might unite the worldwide Christian Church</li> </ul>  |  |  |  |  |  |
| • describe the role of places like Taizé where Christians from differ   |  |  |  |  |  |
| • consider what we mean by sources of authority. Give examples of   | f sources of authority that might guide individuals and      |  |  |  |  |
| communities – and the value of these as guidance for life   |  |  |  |  |  |
| discuss different responses to sources of authority   |  |  |  |  |  |
| raise meaningful questions about things that puzzle them  |  |  |  |  |  |
| differentiate between questions that can be answered factually and the second sec | and those that have a range of answers, including personal   |  |  |  |  |
| beliefs and values  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Subject Specific – Church   | Key Knowledge  |  | Possible evidence                          |  |  |
| Beliefs and Values:   | This unit investigates the Christian teaching of agape- a s  | elfless love of                                      | Lancashire Syllabus 2021                   |  |  |
| retell some of the main parables of Jesus   | others. Pupils will explore how important messages and       |  | ·  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>explain how and why these might be an important source of<br/>guidance for Christians</li> </ul>   | passed on through stories and will focus on Christian tead   | chings contained in Hot seat characters from the sto |  | ory or hold an imaginary talk show. Discuss motivation for their behaviour and choices. ink Jesus was trying to pass on to his |  |
| <ul> <li>suggest ways that Christians might put these teachings into actic</li> </ul>   | the parables that Jesus told to his followers. They will the | r neighbour and What message do the pupils thir      |  |  |  |
| in the 21st century   | examples of now modern Christians show a love for their      |  |  |  |  |
| Living religious traditions:  | reflect on what they message they would want to pass or      | n to future  | followers? How can this parable            | le guide modern Christians?  |  |
| <ul> <li>describe and explain (with examples) Christian attitudes about</li> </ul>  | generations.   |  |  |  |  |
| how to treat others   |  | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                | which a Christian could show their love of |  |  |
| • explain the importance of love for all (agape) as part of Christian   |  |  | others in their daily lives.               |  |  |
| life, and the ways that this might be expressed   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shared human experience:  |  |  | •  | ssages that have been passed on from   |  |
| • explain (with examples) how and why people might use stories to   |  |  |  | le people to live good lives. Ask pupils to  |  |
| pass on wisdom and guidance   |  |  |  | es that they would like to be passed on.   |  |
| <ul> <li>discuss how and why fables might be an important aspect of</li> </ul>  |  |  |  | d do this and allow the children to explore  |  |
| human history and culture   |  |  | their ideas.                               |  |  |
| Search for personal meaning:  |  |  |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>discuss examples of wisdom and guidance that they have learnt<br/>from stories</li> </ul>  |  |  |  |  |  |
| • consider what messages/words of wisdom they would want to   |  |  |  |  |  |
| pass on to future generations – and how they would do this  |  |  |  |  |  |